NUMB. 478.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

FROM JANUARY 31. TO FEBRUARY 7. 1737,8.

In our Gazette *Numb.* 473, *we gave the* Speech *of His Grace* William *Duke of* Devonſhire, *Lord Lieutenant of* Ireland, *to both Houſes of Parliament; we have ſince received the following Addreſſes in Anſwer thereto* viz.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The Humble Addreſs of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament aſſembled.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament aſſembled, return our moſt humble Thanks to your Majeſty for the tender Regard you have always ſhewn for the Welfare and Happineſs of this your Kingdom; and for your Majeſty's Royal Protection of us, in the Enjoyment of all our Religious and Civil Rights under your mild and moſt gracious Government.

We take this firſt Opportunity to expreſs our grateful Senſe of your Majeſty's Royal and paternal Care in the Marriage of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales with a Princeſs of the moſt conſummate Virtues and Accompliſhments, and of the illuſtrious Houſe of Saxe-Gotha, which ſo early diſtinguiſh'd itſelf in the Proteſtant Cauſe; and by the Birth of a Princeſs, with which Providence has already bleſſed us, we have the pleaſing Proſpect enlarg'd of our lateſt Poſterity being govern'd by a Prince of your Majeſty's moſt illuſtrious Family.

We beg leave to give your Majeſty the ſtrongeſt Aſſurances of our inviolable Loyalty and Affection to your Royal Perſon and Family; and that we will uſe our utmoſt Care and Diligence in preparing ſuch Laws as may moſt effectually tend to the Support of your Majeſty's Government, the improving our Linnen Manufacture, and preventing that moſt pernicious Practice of Running Goods, ſo highly prejudical to the publick Revenue, and ſo diſcouraging and detrimental to the fair Trader.

We are moſt truly ſenſible of your Majeſty's Readineſs to concur in whatever may promote the Good of your People; and your Majeſty may depend upon our proceeding in all our Deliberations with the utmoſt Temper and Unanimity, as the beſt Means to render our Conſultations ſucceſsful.

We cannot but moſt thankfully acknowledge your Majeſty's Goodneſs and tender Concern for us, in appointing his Grace the Duke of Devonſhire Lord Lieutenant of this Kingdom, whoſe Anceſtors have always ſo eminently diſtinguiſh'd themſelves in the Cauſe of Liberty, and more particularly at the late happy Revolution under our great Deliverer King William, of ever glorious Memory: And from his Grace's known Character and eminent Virtues, we promiſe ourſelves under his Adminiſtration, every Advantage which can be wiſh'd for or deſir'd by a moſt loyal and dutiful People.

En. Sterne, Cler' Parliamentor'

The Lord Lieutenant's Anſwer.

I WILL forthwith tranſmit this dutiful and affectionate Addreſs to his Majeſty.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The humble Addreſs of the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes, in Parliament aſſembled.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Ireland in Parliament aſſembled, beg leave in the moſt humble Manner to aſſure your Majeſty, that your moſt faithful Commons continue in the ſame Firmneſs and Zeal they have always ſhewn for the Support of the Proteſtant Religion, and in the ſame ſincere and conſtant Attachment to your Majeſty's Royal Perſon, Family, and Government.

We have the juſteſt Senſe of the many Bleſſings we enjoy under your Majeſty's moſt auſpicious Reign, and will with the greateſt Chearfulneſs grant ſuch Supplies as ſhall be neceſſary for the Support of your Majeſty's Government with Honour.

We muſt always gratefully acknowledge the Aſſurances given from the Throne, that nothing ſhall be wanting which may contribute to the improving and extending the Linnen Manufactures, ſo valuable a Branch of the Trade of this Kingdom.

The pernicious Conſequences attending the fraudulent Importation and Running of Goods, will engage us to uſe our utmoſt Endeavours to frame ſuch Laws as may put an effectual Stop to Practices ſo prejudicial to the fair Trader and your Majeſty's Revenue.

As the Security of our Religion and Liberties depends on the Proteſtant Succeſſion, we think ourſelves oblig'd to return our humble Thanks to your Majeſty, in the moſt particular Manner, for chuſing a Princeſs of the moſt eminent Virtues and Accompliſhments, and of an Houſe foremoſt in the Proteſtant Cauſe, to be Conſort to his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, whom Providence hath bleſſed by the Birth of a Princeſs, which gives us the pleaſing Proſpect of a laſting Succeſſion in your Majeſty's moſt illuſtrious Family.

We have a further Inſtance of your Majeſty's tender Care of the Proſperity of your People, in the wiſe Appointment of a Perſon of his Grace the Duke of Devonſhire's eminent and great Abilities to be Lord Lieutenant of this Kingdom, who hath already laid an high Obligation on this Nation, to endeavour to make his Adminiſtration eaſy, by his having follow'd the great Example of his moſt noble Anceſtors in the ſteady Defence of the Proteſtant Religion and Intereſts, and his firm Attachment to your Majeſty's Royal Houſe.

In all our Deliberations, we ſhall have in view your Majeſty's Service, which we look upon as inſeparable from our own Intereſts, and we ſhall proceed with ſuch Temper and Unanimity

Unanimity as may become, and may juſtly be expected from a People, who have at all times ſhewn themſelves moſt affectionate and loyal Subjects.

Iſaac Ambroſe, and *Burdet Worthington*. } Cler' Parl' Dom' Com'

The Lord Lieutenant's Anſwer.

I SHALL take the firſt Opportunity to tranſmit this dutiful and loyal Addreſs to be laid before his Majeſty.

To his Grace William *Duke of* Devonſhire, *Lord Lieutenant General, and General Governor of* Ireland.

The Humble Addreſs of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament aſſembled.

May it pleaſe your Grace,

WE the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament aſſembled, humbly beg Leave to return your Grace our moſt hearty Thanks for your excellent Speech deliver'd from the Throne to both Houſes of Parliament.

It is with the moſt entire Satisfaction to ourſelves, and the greateſt Thankfulneſs to his Majeſty, that we ſee the Government of this Kingdom committed to the Care of your Grace, whoſe illuſtrious Anceſtors had ſo great a Share in that happy Revolution, to which we owe our preſent Eſtabliſhment; and who by your Wiſdom, Integrity and Goodneſs, as well as firm and zealous Adherence to the Proteſtant Religion, together with your Affection to his Majeſty, and his Royal Family, have gain'd univerſal Eſteem.

As the Proteſtants of Ireland have, from the Revolution under King William of glorious and immortal Memory, to this Day, given manifeſt Proofs of a ſteady Attachment to their civil and religious Rights; his Majeſty may be aſſur'd, that we ſhall continue to uſe our utmoſt Endeavours to deliver down to our Poſterity thoſe ineſtimable Bleſſings of which he (under God) is the ſupreme Guardian: And as your Grace has no other Points in view but his Majeſty's Service, and the Proſperity of this Kingdom, we beg Leave to aſſure your Grace, that nothing ſhall, on our Part, be wanting to make the Adminiſtration of the Government eaſy to your Grace, and of Advantage to the Publick.

It is a great Pleaſure to us, as well as to your Grace, to obſerve how much the Exportation of our Linnen Manufactures have encreas'd of late Years; and we rely upon your Grace's Countenance and Goodneſs in contributing to the improving & extending that Branch of our Trade, which we are ſenſible is the moſt valuable of any to our Country.

We amongſt the reſt of his Majeſty's dutiful and loyal Subjects, have a true and moſt grateful Senſe of our Happineſs, in living under the Government of a Prince, who, by his Readineſs to give his Royal Aſſent to every Act that may promote the Happineſs of his People, ſecures to us the full Benefit of thoſe frequent Opportunities we have of preparing and offering ſuch Laws as we think for the general Good of our Country.

Our Hearts are fill'd with the moſt ſincere Gratitude, and the deepeſt Senſe of Duty and Affection, when we reflect on his Majeſty's Royal and Paternal Care for the future Good of his People, by chuſing a Princeſs of the moſt eminent Virtues and Accompliſhments, to be Conſort to his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, and one who is deſcended from a Houſe remarkably diſtinguiſh'd in the Proteſtant Cauſe; and it gives us the higheſt Joy that Providence has, by the Birth of a Princeſs, open'd to us a new and pleaſing Proſpect of the Continuance of the Bleſſings of his Majeſty's Reign to our lateſt Poſterity, by a laſting Succeſſion in his Majeſty's moſt illuſtrious Family.

We can never too thankfully acknowledge the Aſſurance your Grace is pleas'd to give us of your moſt hearty Inclinations and beſt Aſſiſtance to promote the Welfare of this Kingdom, under his Majeſty's mild and moſt gracious Government: And in return for ſo great Goodneſs, we ſhall think ourſelves indiſpenſibly oblig'd to carry on all our Proceedings with ſuch Temper and Unanimity, as may give the greateſt Eaſe to your Grace's Adminiſtration, and at the ſame time ſhew, that we are moſt affectionate and loyal Subjects to the beſt of Kings.

En. Sterne, Cler' Parliamentor'.

The Lord Lieutenant's Anſwer.

I RETURN my Thanks to your Lordſhips for this very obliging Addreſs, which is moſt agreeable to me, ſince nothing leſs than your good Opinion of my Zeal for his Majeſty's Service, and the Proſperity of this Kingdom, could give me any Title to ſuch a Mark of your Eſteem.

Copenhagen, Octob. 4. O. S. The Manufactures which the King has eſtabliſhed in the Country, anſwer as well as could poſſibly be expected. The Workmen that were ſent for from Holland, make as good Woollen Cloths the Manufacture at Leyden, and as good Stockings as one would deſire. Several thouſand Inhabitants of this Kingdom, who had almoſt loſt the Uſe of their Limbs for Want of Work to exerciſe them, are now employed in Spinning of Flax; and they make as good fine Linnen Cloth, as any other Foreign Country does; which is whiten'd after the German Manner, by the Direction of Maſter Workmen ſent for into the Kingdom for that Purpoſe. Mean Time, as all the new Eſtabliſhments require a great Stock, and are commonly attended with Difficulties, the King for their Encouragement, and Support, cauſed an Edict to be publiſhed the 15th ult. O. S. by virtue whereof all that receive Penſions or Salaries from the Court, either Civil or Military, are obliged to contribute 10 per Cent per Ann. out of their Pay or Salary, for the better Support of the Manufactures: Provided nevertheleſs, That in a Year and half thoſe Manufactures ſhall reſtore to each Perſon the Value of the Money they have paid into the ſame, either in Woollen Cloth, Woollen Stuffs, or Silks, Stockings, or other Things manufactur'd in the Country according to every one's Fancy or Choice. And all his Majeſty's other Subjects, who are veſted with any Dignity or Character, tho' they have no Penſions, are to be obliged in like Manner to advance ſomething for the Support of the Manufactures, in Proportion to their Subſtance, and on the Conditions juſt mentioned.

London, Octob. 8. The Prince of Wales hath ordered Norfolk-Houſe, and that adjoining in St. James's Square to be got ready againſt the 17th Day of November next, the 19th being the Anniverſary of her Royal Highneſs's Birth-Day which is to be kept there.

Preparations are making for his Royal Highneſs the Duke's going to partake of the Diverſion of Hare-Hunting in Suſſex, Suffolk and Norfolk.

We hear, that either the Earl of Eſſex, or the Earl of Tankerville, will ſucceed the late Earl of Leiceſter, as Conſtable of the Tower of London.

And that his Grace the Duke of Dorſet, Lord Steward of his Majeſty's Houſhold, will be appointed Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the County of Kent in the Room of the Earl of Liecester. *PHILA-*

PHILADELPHIA, *February 7.*

Friday last ended the Court of Oyer and Terminer (after a Seſſion of nine Days) when *John Wood*, Labourer, received Sentence of Death, for Burglary; being convicted of Breaking open the Houſe of *John Cox* in *Paſſayunk* Townſhip, and ſtealing thence ſundry Pieces of Pewter. And Dr. *Evan Jones*, Chymiſt, being found guilty of Manſlaughter, was accordingly burnt in the Hand. His Tryal laſted 15 Hours, for the Subſtance of which the Reader is refer'd to the following Letter.

MR. FRANKLIN,

YOUR Readers, no doubt, will expect ſome Information concerning the Tryal of Dr. *Jones*, for the *Murder* of his Apprentice. As I was preſent as a Spectator, and obſerved the whole Proceeding with Attention; I ſend you the following Account.

Mr. GROWDON, the King's Attorney-General, opened the Charge laid in the Indictment, with his uſual Eloquence. He begun by informing the Court and Jury, That the deceaſed being young and unexperienced, had expreſſed a great Inclination to be initiated into the Myſtery of Free-Maſonry: Whereupon his Maſter the Priſoner at the Bar, combined with ſeveral others to divert themſelves with the Lad's Simplicity. They made him believe, that, before they could gratify his Inclination, it was neceſſary they ſhould invoke and raiſe the Devil. To which the Youth, being under the Direction of his Maſter, unhappily conſented. Preparatory to this, the Deceaſed, with a Bandage on his Eyes, was led into the Doctor's Garden, where on his Knees he repeated after another, in broken Sentences (whence there is room to hope he might not conceive their Meaning) a ſtupid blaſphemous Writing (which, tho' not penned by the Doctor, he was made privy to) whereby Satan (ſuppos'd to be preſent) was acknowledged and adored as a ſupream and mighty Power, with Expreſſions of a true and faithful Allegiance to the Prince of Darkneſs.

Then they adminiſtred to him a Cup, in imitation of the Sacrament, which contained a ſtrong Doſe of Phyſick; after which one of the Company indecently diſcovered his Poſteriors, to which the Lad, under the ſame Impediment of Sight was led to kiſs, as a Book to ſwear upon. Afterwards he was conducted into a Cellar, where the laſt Scene of this Helliſh Action was laid. Several Perſons were formally invited to the Celebration of theſe Diabolical Rites. The Doctor having twice endeavoured, but without Effect, to ſet Fire to ſome Rum or other Spirit, that was in an earthen Pan, which he had prepared for that Purpoſe, went up Stairs to his Shop, and preſently returning with a large Bottle in his Hand, poured into the Pan an additional Quantity of Spirit, which, on a third Eſſay, immediately took Fire; ſome of the Company then diverted themſelves at a Play called *Snap-Dragon*, holding their Heads over the Pan, that their Countenances, from the blue Reflection of the Flames, might appear ghaſtly and hideous; hoping from thence, that the Youth, upon taking the Bandage from his Eyes, would imagine he ſaw the real Servants of the Devil, who was perſonated by a Fellow dreſſed in a Cow's Hide with Horns. But the Deceaſed not expreſſing that Surprize which was expected, his Maſter asked him if he was not afraid; He anſwers, he is not. The Doctor thereupon takes up the Pan in his Hands, and throws the burning Spirits on the Breaſt of the Youth, who being covered with Flames, his Maſter threw himſelf upon him, and extinguiſhed them. Here the Scene of Hell cloſed, but with a fatal Conſequence. The unhappy young Man languiſhed for about three Days, almoſt continually delirious, and then died in a miſerable Condition. The Parts burnt, which were from the Breaſt down to the Thighs, appeared like the Skin of a roaſted Pig, varied with ſeveral Spots, ſome black, ſome of a livid Colour.

This was the Sum of the Charge as opened by the Attorney-General, except a few Circumſtances, which were afterwards ſupplied by the Witneſſes, who fully proved the whole Tranſaction, as here laid down, *beyond the Poſſibility of a Doubt.* And, indeed, for ſeveral Months before the Tryal came on, there was hardly any Perſon in *Philadelphia*, who could be ignorant of the Affair, in all it's horrid Circumſtances. And 'tis obſervable, to the Honour of the Fraternity of *real* Free Maſons (of which by the Way I am no Member) that no ſort of People expreſs'd a greater Abhorrence of the Fact on all Occaſions than they did; for which Reaſon the Doctor challeng'd all the Brethren that were return'd on the Pannel of the Jury, and they were accordingly ſet aſide.

One of the King's Council argued to this Effect, *That the Diſcharging ſo large a Quantity of burning Spirits, on the Body of the Deceaſed, muſt by an immediate and neceſſary Conſequence, not only hurt, but* grievouſly *hurt: That therefore the Fact, for which the Priſoner ſtood charged, was clearly* MURDER *in the Eye of the Law; ſince it is poſitively pronounced in all the Books,* That if a Man, with a ſedate Mind, deliberately and UNLAWFULLY, without any Provocation, doeth ſuch corporal Hurt and Damage to another, that he dieth thereof; the Offender, tho' he had no deſign to Kill, is Guilty of Murder, of Murder by Malice Expreſs. *That the Act of throwing the burning Spirits was evidently unlawful; for, if the deceaſed had lived, the Law would have given an Action of Treſpaſs againſt his Maſter for Aſſault and Battery: Beſides, the Circumſtances which preceded and led to the fatal Act, were of the moſt flagitious Nature that ever were known in this Province, and which alone called for the ſevereſt Puniſhment. That the Common Law of* England *in this Particular relating to Murder, was founded in Nature and the eternal Reaſon of Things; ſince it has remained unalterable thro' a Succeſſion of many Ages, is agreeable to the Laws of all other civilized Nations, and to the revealed Law of God himſelf.*

The ſame Gentleman added, *That no Government could ſubſiſt, nor could any thinking Man believe he had any reaſonable ſecurity for his Life, where ſuch cool Villany ſhould be perpetrated with Impunity; or where a Man flinging Fire, Flames, and Death around him, ſhall be allow'd to excuſe it, by ſaying he was only in Jeſt.*

The King's Attorney-General told the Jury, *that the Caſe before them was the moſt puzling he had ever met with. He added that, after having examined all the Caſes with the ſtricteſt Attention, and finding none in Point with this, his Conſcience obliged him to declare, he did not think the Priſoner guilty of Murder.*

The Jury brought in their Verdict, Manſlaughter.

Yours, &c.

A. B.

Two other Perſons were arraign'd with Dr. *Jones* for the ſame Crime, of whom one was found guilty of Manſlaughter, but obtain'd a Pardon; and the other was acquitted by the Jury.

At the ſame Court *John Henry Goeſh* was indicted for ſetting Fire to the Sugar Houſe, and pleaded Not Guilty. He was acquitted by the Jury; but at the Proſecutors Requeſt was remanded to Priſon, till he ſhould give Security for his good Behaviour.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, *Entred In.*

Sloop Unity, Henry Bryixe, from South-Carolina.

Entred Out. NONE.

Cleared.

Snow Francis & Ann, John Cox, to St. Chriſtophers.

Snow Wm. & Eliz. Stephen Williams, to South-Carolina.

Ship Jane, John Richmond, to Lisbon.

ALL Perſons indebted to *Simon Siron*, Shopkeeper in *Second-Street*, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment, that he may be enabled to ſettle with his Creditors. He deſigning to remove out of this Town in *April* next.

The ſaid *Siron* keeps a Store at *Plymouth* Meeting-Houſe, where all Perſons may be ſupply'd with all Sorts of Goods ſuitable for the Country, at very reaſonable Rates.

To accommodate the Publick.

THERE will a Stage Waggon ſet out from *Trenton* to *Brunſwick*, twice a Week and back again, during next Summer. It will be fitted up with Benches and cover'd over ſo that Paſſengers may ſit eaſy and dry. And Care will be taken to deliver Goods and Meſſages ſafe.

Note. *The ſaid Waggon will ſet out for the firſt time, from* William Atlee's *and* Thomas Hooton's *in* Trenton, *on* Monday *the 27th of* March *next, and continue going every* Monday *and* Thurſday *from* Trenton, *and return from* Brunſwick *every* Tueſday *and* Friday. *Every Paſſenger to pay* Two Shillings *and* Six Pence. *And Goods and Parcels at the cheapeſt Rates.*

TO BE SOLD,

BY JACOB SHOEMAKER, Spinning Wheel-Maker in *Market-Street, Philadelphia*; A choice Parcel of very good Holland Spinning-Wheel-Irons very reasonable. Who likewise will give 1 s. per Pound for Horse Tails, if long and good.

SOmetime since went away from Salem *County in* West New-Jersey, *a certain Person named* Peter Creely, *he is an* Irishman, *of a middle size, black lank Hair, does not speak plain, and is a Labourer: Had on when he went away a Pair of striped Ticken Breeches and Jacket, a blue Druget Coat and Jacket, lined with a* Bristol *Stuff, one fine and two Ozenbrigs Shirts, grey Stockings, and a fine Hat pretty much worn. He rode on a dunnish colour'd Mare with a white Face, and a pretty good Saddle.*

Any Person or Persons that can give any Tidings of the said Person to John King *of* Salem *County, shall have* Five Pounds *Reward, and all reasonable Charges paid by* John King.

P. S. *The said* John King *is now in Custody in* Salem *Goal, being suspected of having made away with or murthered the said* Peter Creely.

ALL Persons indebted to Capt. *Robert Hogg*, in Redemption or otherways, are desired to pay the same to *William Shaw*, Esq; at *New-Castle*, or *James Mackey*, Merchant at *Philadelphia*, whose Receipts shall be a sufficient Discharge. Otherwise they will be immediately sued. *Robert Hogg.*

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of *James Bingham*, late of *Philadelphia*, deceased, are hereby desired forthwith to come and pay off their respective Debts: And those who have any Accounts depending, are desired to come and adjust the same, with

Anne Bingham, Executrix.

N. B. There is to be sold very reasonably for ready Money or some short Credit; sundry Sorts of Saddles, Saddlery Ware, Sadler's Utensils, and sundry other Things appertaining to the Saddler's Business, by the said *Anne Bingham.*

RUN away from Joseph Lynn, *Shipwright*, of Philadelphia, *a Servant Man named* John Boddiscutte, *aged about 25 Years, a Shipwright, or Baker by Trade, of middle Stature, with a cast in his Eyes, short brown Hair, and wears a red and white worsted Cap. Had on when he went away, a new Felt Hat, a long brown Pea-Jacket, lin'd with red, a blue and white striped Flannel Jacket, Speckled Shirt, black Stockings, and new Shoes. Whosoever takes up and secures the said Servant, so that his Master may have him again, shall have* Forty Shillings *if taken in this Province, and* Three Pounds *Reward, if taken in any other Province, and reasonable Charges,*

paid by Joseph Lynn.

RUN away the 6th Inst. from Thomas Stevenson *of* Prince-Town, New-Jersey, *a Servant Man named* Hezekiah Kinnicut, *by Trade a Joiner, about 24 Years of Age, smooth Face, fresh colour'd middle size; his Hair cut off, and wears a brown Wigg, and a blue Coat.*

Whoever secures the said Servant, so that he may be had again, shall have Three Pounds *Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid*

Philad. Jan. 17. 1737,8. *by* Thomas Stevenson.

A LIKELY Servant Maid's Time to be disposed of, for two Years and a half. She is fit for either Town or Country: Enquire of the Printer hereof.

A Servant Lad's Time for about five Years, to be disposed of, by Alexander Mc'Nelleous, *Baker, in* Second-Street, Philadelphia.

TO BE SOLD,

EIGHT Hundred Acres of Land, upon a Branch of Rariton *River, known by the Name of* Lamaconick, *well accomodated with Meadow, within about 25 Miles* Brunswick.

Also 300 and odd Acres, upon another Branch of the same River, known by the Indian Name of Mansaloky. *Enquire of* Fretwell Wright *in* Burlington.

To be SOLD,

THREE Tenements and Lots of Land, situate on the West Side of the Lower End of Front-Street *near the* Draw-Bridge *in this City, late the Estate of* William Parker *deceas'd. Whoever inclines to purchase either may apply to* Esther Parker, *his Widow and Executrix, and be inform'd of the Title and Terms of Sal: Likewise a Negro Woman and Child.*

The said Widow Parker *hath fully impower'd* Samuel Kirk, *of this City, to receive of all Persons that stand indebted to the said Estate; and his Receipt shall be in full for what he receives.*

ALL Persons that have any Demands on *Edward Farmer* of *Whitemarsh*, or his Son *Samuel Farmer*, are desired forthwith to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted and paid; they may bring them to *James Macky*, Merchant, in *Philadelphia*, who is Impowered to settle his Affairs. And all Persons Indebted to either *Edward Farmer*, or *Samuel* his Son, are desired immediately to pay their respective Debts to prevent being sued.

TO BE SOLD, By the said *Edward Farmer*, or *James Macky*, the following Tracts of Lands, and Tenaments, *viz.*

A Plantation in *Springfield* Township, containing 150 Acres, with Houses, *&c.* Lets at 19 *l. per Annum*, punctually paid at the Day.

Another Tract of Land, in *Upper-Dublin*, containing 150 Acres, with 14 Acres of Meadow Land, mowed Yearly, a good Lime-Stone Rock thereon. Lets at 11 *l. per Annum.*

Another small Plantation, next adjoyning, containing 150 Acres, 12 whereof is Meadow, and a very good Lime-Rock and Kiln, which Rock and Kiln brings in without any thing else 6 *l. per Annum*, and the Plantation 15 *l. per Annum.*

One Hundred and *Ten* Acres, in *Norrington* Township, Six Acres cleared, and good Fence, no House.

One Hundred and Twenty Acres, in *Whitemarsh*, Land not Improved.

A small Plantation, next adjoyning to *Isaac Norris's*, containing 100 Acres, a good Lime-Kiln and Rock, and a good House.

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